

Advanced Materials**Araldite® AW4859/ Hardener HW4859****Structural Adhesives****ARALDITE® AW4859/ Hardener HW4859
Two component epoxy adhesive system****Key properties**

- Very high lap shear
- Bonds a wide variety of materials (metal, composite and thermoplastics)
- Temperature resistant up to 140°C
- Extremely tough and resilient adhesive

Description

ARALDITE® AW4859/ Hardener HW4859 is a two-component, epoxy adhesive paste of high strength and toughness. Performances can be enhanced by post-curing at elevated temperature. It has been designed to perfectly bond onto composites, especially CFRP but it is suitable for bonding a wide variety of metals, ceramics and many other substrates in common use.

Product data

Property	Araldite® AW4859	Hardener HW4859	Mixed Adhesive
Colour (visual)	Black	Yellowish	Black
Specific gravity	1.2	1.0	approx. 1.1
Viscosity at 25°C (Pa.s)	80 - 100	10 - 15	thixotrope
Pot Life (100 gm at 25°C)			100 -120 min

Processing**Pretreatment**

The strength and durability of a bonded joint are dependent on proper treatment of the surfaces to be bonded. At the very least, joint surfaces should be cleaned with a good degreasing agent such as acetone, iso-propanol (for plastics) or other proprietary degreasing agents in order to remove all traces of oil, grease and dirt.

Low grade alcohol, gasoline (petrol) or paint thinners should never be used.

The strongest and most durable joints are obtained by either mechanically abrading or chemically etching ("pickling") the degreased surfaces. Abrading should be followed by a second degreasing treatment

Mix ratio	Parts by weight	Parts by volume
Araldite® AW4859	100	100
Hardener HW4859	43	50

The resin and hardener should be blended until they form a homogeneous mix.

Araldite® AW4859/Hardener HW4859 is available in cartridges incorporating mixers and can be applied as ready to use adhesive with the aid of the tool recommended by Huntsman Advanced Materials

Application of adhesive

The resin/hardener mix is applied with a spatula, to the pretreated and dry joint surfaces.

A layer of adhesive 0.05 to 0.10 mm thick will normally impart the greatest lap shear strength to the joint.

The joint components should be assembled and clamped as soon as the adhesive has been applied. An even contact pressure throughout the joint area will ensure optimum cure.

Mechanical processing

Specialist firms have developed metering, mixing and spreading equipment that enables the bulk processing of adhesive.

We will be pleased to advise customers on the choice of equipment for their particular needs.

Equipment maintenance

All tools should be cleaned with hot water and soap before adhesives residues have had time to cure. The removal of cured residues is a difficult and time-consuming operation.

If solvents such as acetone are used for cleaning, operatives should take the appropriate precautions and, in addition, avoid skin and eye contact.

Times to minimum shear strength

Temperature	°C	23	40	60	100
Cure time to reach	hours	4.5			
LSS > 1N/mm ²	minutes		100	20	< 5
Cure time to reach	hours	6	2		
LSS > 10N/mm ²	minutes			30	10

LSS = Lap shear strength.

Curing requirements

To achieve optimum performance properties an elevated temperature cure or post cure is recommended. This adhesive will solidify to a handleable state but will not fully cure at temperatures below 60°C.

Suggested cure schedules are:

3 hrs at 80°C

1 hr at 130°C

30 mins at 150°C

Typical cured properties

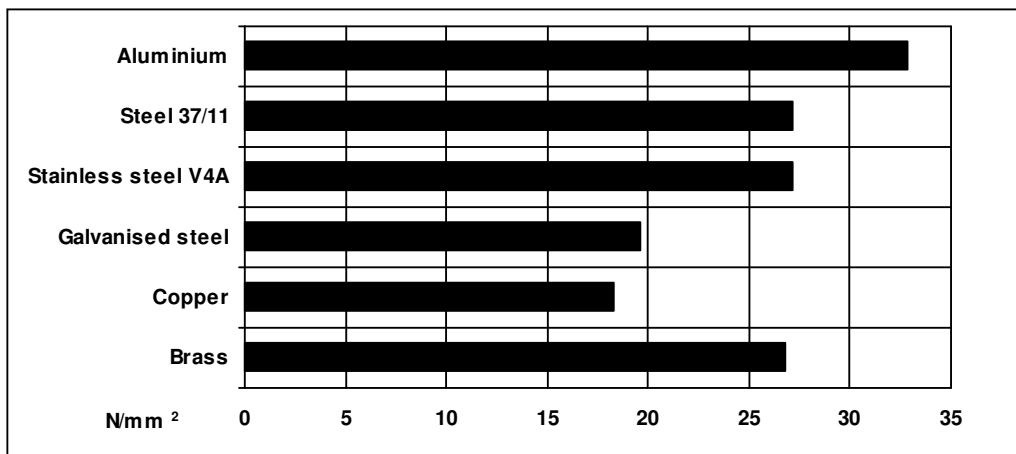
Unless otherwise stated, the figures given below were all determined by testing standard specimens made by lap-jointing 114 x 25 x 1.6 mm strips of aluminium alloy. The joint area was 12.5 x 25 mm in each case.

The figures were determined with typical production batches using standard testing methods. They are provided solely as technical information and do not constitute a product specification.

Note: The data in this edition is based on recent retesting of the product.

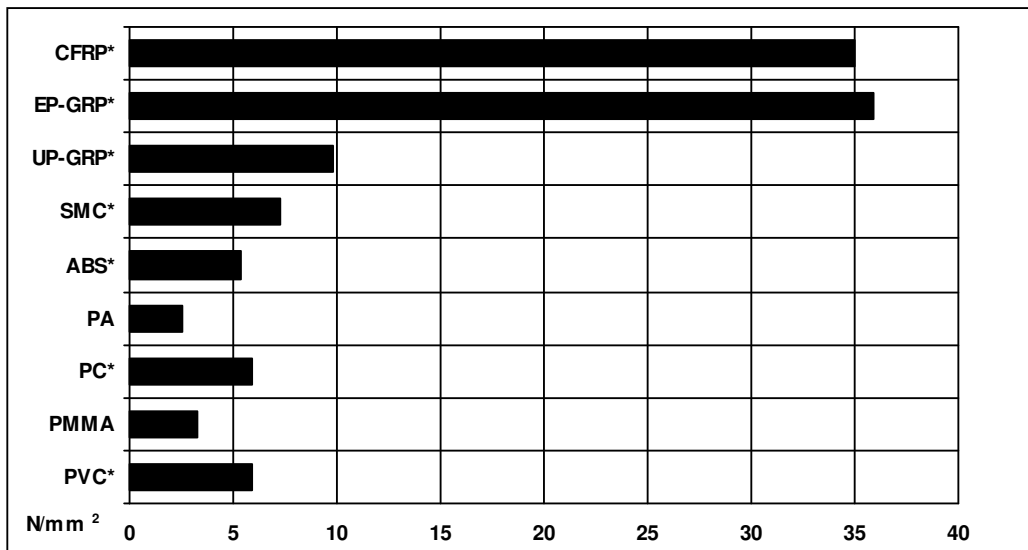
Average lap shear strengths of typical metal-to-metal joints (ISO 4587)

Cured for 16 hours at 40°C + 1h at 80°C and tested at 23°C Pretreatment - Sandblasting, degreasing



Average lap shear strengths of typical plastic-to-plastic joints (ISO 4587)

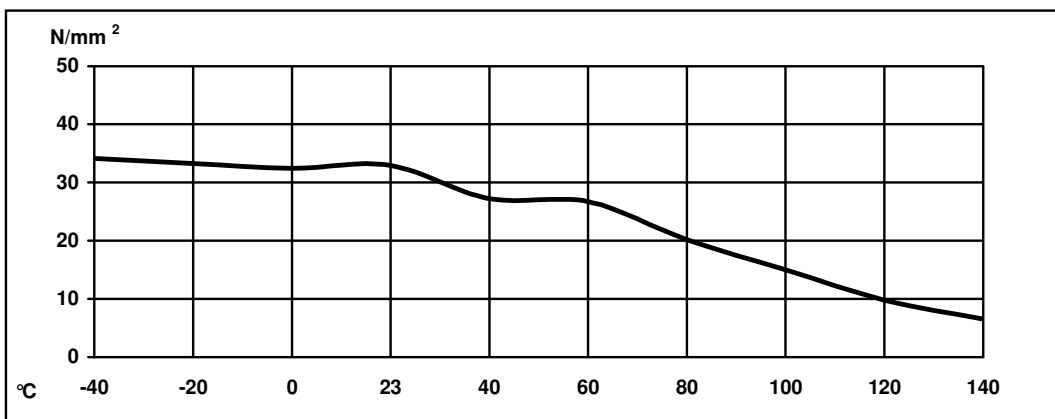
Cured for 16 hours at 40°C+ 1h at 80°C and tested at 23°C. Pretreatment - Lightly abraded and alcohol degreased.



* : substrate failure or substrate delamination

Lap shear strength versus temperature (ISO 4587) (typical average values)

Cure: 16 hours at 40°C +1 hr at 80°C, aluminium, sandblasted and degreased



Glass transition temperature (ISO 6721 DMA measurement)

Cure: 16 hours at 40°C +1 h at 80°C

95°C

Glass transition temperature (DSC measurement)

2 hours at 70°C

86°C

1 hour at 80°C

91°C

24 hours at RT + 2 hours at 150°C

122°C

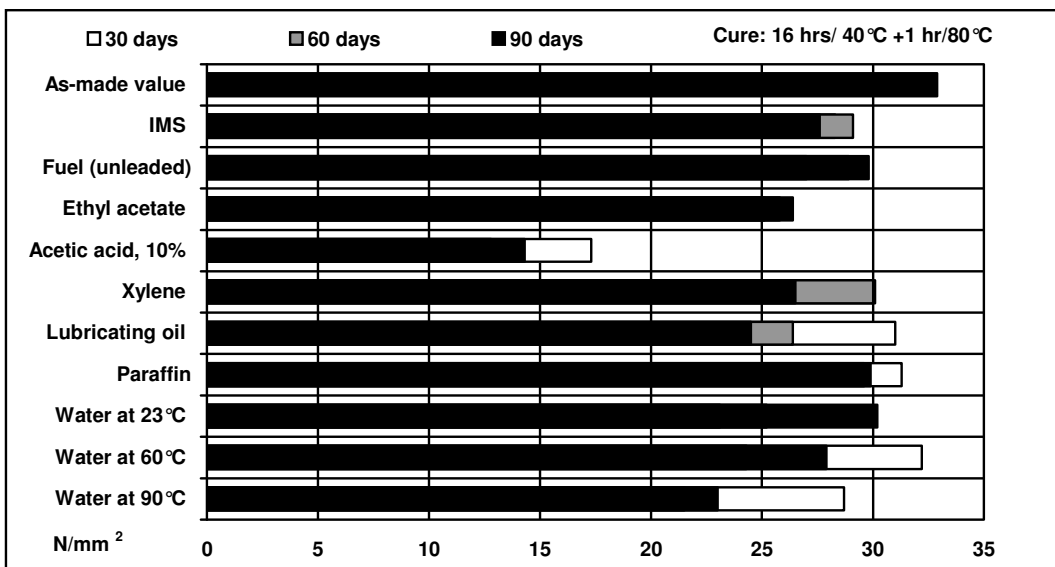
Roller peel test (ISO 4578)

Cured: 16 hours at 40°C

6 - 8 N/mm

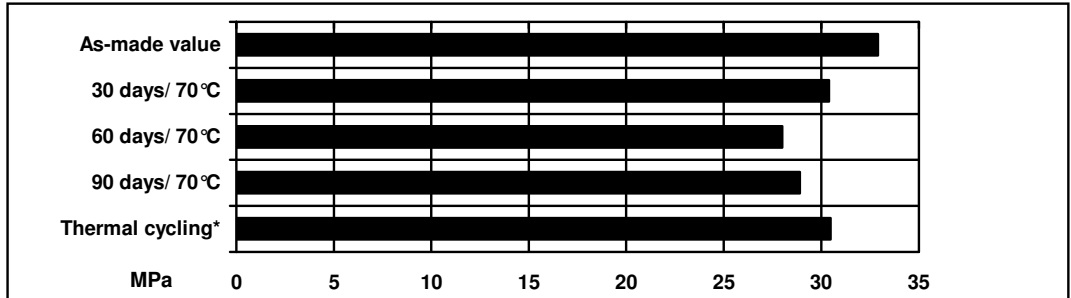
Lap shear strength versus immersion in various media (typical average values) (ISO 4587)

Unless otherwise stated, L.S.S. was determined after immersion for 30,60 and 90 days at 23°C. Cure: 16 hours at 40°C +1 h at 80°C, aluminium, sandblasted and degreased



Lap shear strength versus heat ageing (ISO 4587)

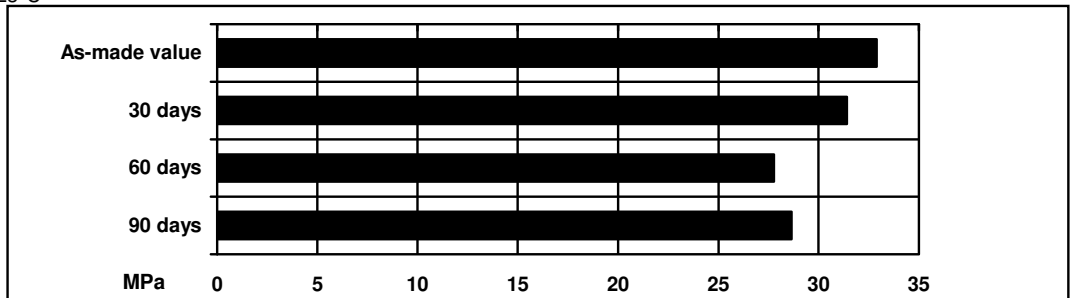
Cure: 16 hrs/ 40°C + 1hr/ 80°C, on aluminium sandblasted and degreased, tested at 23°C



*25 cycles -30°C to + 70°C

Lap shear strength versus tropical weathering (ISO 4587)

(40/92, DIN 50015; typical average values) Cure: 16 hours at 40°C, on aluminium sandblasted and degreased, tested at 23°C



Tensile strength at 23°C (ISO 527)

E-modulus

Elongation at break

40 MPa

1600 MPa

4.3 %

Flexural strength at 23°C (ISO178)

Flexural modulus

65 MPa

1500 MPa

Shore Hardness (D scale) (ISO 868/03) Cure 16

hours/ 40°C + 1hr at 80°C , tested at 23°C, 50%RH

75 D

Bend notch test (ISO 13586) at 23°C

Cure 16 hours/ 40°C + 1hr at 80°C

$K_{1c} = 1.7 \text{ MPa.m}^{1/2}$

$G_{1c} = 1.9 \text{ kJ.m}^{-2}$

Shear modulus G' (ISO 6721)

Cure: 16 hours/ 40° + 1hr at 80°C

-40°C - 1.3 GPa

0°C - 920 MPa

23°C - 800 MPa

60°C - 490 MPa

90°C - 60 MPa

140°C - 1.2 MPa

Storage

ARALDITE® AW4859 and Hardener HW4859 may be stored for up to 3 years at room temperature provided the components are stored in sealed containers. The expiry date is indicated on the label.

Handling precautions**Caution**

Our products are generally quite harmless to handle provided that certain precautions normally taken when handling chemicals are observed. The uncured materials must not, for instance, be allowed to come into contact with foodstuffs or food utensils, and measures should be taken to prevent the uncured materials from coming in contact with the skin, since people with particularly sensitive skin may be affected. The wearing of impervious rubber or plastic gloves will normally be necessary; likewise the use of eye protection. The skin should be thoroughly cleansed at the end of each working period by washing with soap and warm water. The use of solvents is to be avoided. Disposable paper - not cloth towels - should be used to dry the skin. Adequate ventilation of the working area is recommended. These precautions are described in greater detail in the Material Safety Data sheets for the individual products and should be referred to for fuller information.

Huntsman Advanced Materials

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